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	<b>Diploma</b>
<b>Thesis Title</b>	<b>Prevalence, clinical types , aggravating factors and complication of acne vulgaris among medical students in Al-kindy college of medicine .</b>
<b>Year</b>	2016-2017
<b>Abstract</b>	<p><b>Abstract</b></p> <p><b>Background :</b> Acne vulgaris is a disorder of the pilosebaceous follicles characterized by comedone, papules, pustules, inflamed nodules, canalizing and deep and sometimes purulent sacs. Acne vulgaris is the most common skin disease, affecting nearly 80 percent of persons at some time between the ages of 11 and 30 years. Estimates of the prevalence of acne vulgaris in adolescents range from 35 to over 90 percent. It can persist for years and result in disfigurement and permanent scarring, and it can have serious adverse effects on psychosocial development, resulting in emotional problems, withdrawal from society, and depression.</p> <p><b>Aim of the study:</b> To determine the prevalence, aggravating factors and the complications of acne vulgaris among medical students.</p> <p><b>Methods:</b> Cross sectional study was conducted on 350 medical students at Al-kindy College of Medicine (University of Baghdad) and 352 students from the Baghdad educational college (Eben-Roshod) age between 18 and 24 years old collecting data since 1/2/2016 to 30/4/2016. The acne questionnaires consist of questions that related with clinical types, aggravating factors, and the complications.</p> <p><b>Results:</b> Corresponding to the result of Al-kindy College of Medicine the total number of the acne students are 126 from the 350 (36.0%) but the acne students of the educational college are 71 from the 352 ( 20.2%) and this result give a significant differences between them among the students of the both colleges.</p> <p><b>Conclusions:</b> This study showed that the prevalence of Acne vulgaris among medical college students (36%) is more than educational college students (20.2%).</p>